

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2002

Indiana

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³				
		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	All other illnesses
All Industries including State and local government⁴		42.7	10.0	2.9	0.9	28.9
Private Industry⁴		43.5	9.6	2.3	0.9	30.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁴		47.4	24.5	9.7	(⁵)	13.3
Agricultural production ⁴	01-02	25.3	(⁵)	11.1	(⁵)	15.8
Agricultural production-crops ⁴	01	16.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	16.6
Agricultural services	07	58.5	36.5	9.1	(⁵)	12.2
Mining⁶		7.1	(⁵)	4.3	(⁵)	2.9
Construction		21.7	6.9	0.6	8.9	5.3
General building contractors	15	33.0	(⁵)	0.3	25.4	7.3
Heavy construction, except building	16	25.2	23.2	(⁵)	(⁵)	1.3
Special trade contractors	17	16.3	6.7	0.7	3.6	5.2
Manufacturing		87.1	13.5	2.5	0.5	70.6
Durable goods		91.0	15.6	3.0	0.7	71.7
Lumber and wood products	24	40.5	14.8	5.2	(⁵)	20.4
Furniture and fixtures	25	75.4	7.1	0.9	6.7	60.7
Stone, clay, and glass products	32	37.7	15.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	22.0
Primary metal industries	33	51.6	4.6	2.8	0.3	43.7
Fabricated metal products	34	62.5	14.4	6.6	(⁵)	41.6
Industrial machinery and equipment	35	102.0	33.1	5.2	1.3	62.2
Electronic and other electric equipment	36	80.5	21.0	0.5	1.2	57.7
Transportation equipment	37	141.3	15.1	1.8	0.1	124.3
Instruments and related products	38	135.2	6.9	0.9	(⁵)	127.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	39	42.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	42.0
Nondurable goods		77.4	8.0	1.3	0.1	68.1
Food and kindred products	20	186.7	7.1	2.6	(⁵)	177.0
Apparel and other textile products	23	125.6	4.8	(⁵)	1.6	119.2
Paper and allied products	26	16.6	2.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	14.6
Printing and publishing	27	17.6	3.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	13.8
Chemicals and allied products	28	34.6	1.9	2.5	(⁵)	30.2
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	30	82.8	16.8	1.0	(⁵)	65.0
Transportation and public utilities⁸		11.0	2.0	1.2	(⁵)	7.9
Railroad transportation ⁸	40	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Local and interurban passenger transit	41	8.0	(⁵)	8.0	(⁵)	(⁵)
Trucking and warehousing	42	1.4	0.8	0.3	(⁵)	0.2
Communications	48	2.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	2.5
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	12.8	4.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2002 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³				
		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	All other illnesses
Wholesale and retail trade		23.1	8.4	1.8	0.2	12.7
Wholesale trade		20.3	9.9	4.6	(⁵)	5.7
Wholesale trade--durable goods	50	5.1	(⁵)	2.5	(⁵)	2.5
Wholesale trade--nondurable goods	51	53.1	31.2	9.2	(⁵)	12.6
Retail trade		24.1	7.8	0.8	0.3	15.1
Building materials and garden supplies	52	23.1	18.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	3.9
General merchandise stores	53	21.7	3.3	3.1	(⁵)	15.3
Food stores	54	3.8	3.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	0.7
Automotive dealers and service stations	55	20.2	6.2	2.5	(⁵)	11.6
Apparel and accessory stores	56	4.1	4.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Furniture and homefurnishings stores	57	18.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	5.3	12.8
Eating and drinking places	58	20.2	13.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	6.9
Miscellaneous retail	59	64.4	5.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	58.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate		15.0	3.3	1.5	(⁵)	10.1
Depository institutions	60	16.2	(⁵)	1.3	(⁵)	14.6
Nondepository institutions	61	2.2	0.7	0.7	(⁵)	(⁵)
Insurance carriers	63	22.6	0.4	2.6	(⁵)	19.7
Real estate	65	23.2	17.2	1.4	(⁵)	4.6
Services		32.5	9.9	3.4	0.6	18.6
Hotels and other lodging places	70	20.1	14.7	5.4	(⁵)	(⁵)
Personal services	72	5.7	2.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	3.3
Business services	73	3.2	1.8	0.4	(⁵)	0.9
Auto repair, services, and parking	75	25.7	8.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	17.5
Miscellaneous repair services	76	15.3	6.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	9.2
Amusement and recreation services	79	22.0	1.4	1.7	3.7	15.5
Health services	80	62.6	18.7	6.4	0.2	37.3
Educational services	82	16.1	7.4	5.3	(⁵)	3.2
Social services	83	17.2	3.7	2.1	3.4	7.8
Engineering and management services	87	16.0	3.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	12.6
State and local government		36.8	13.3	6.8	0.8	15.9
State government		39.5	9.4	5.9	0.1	24.1
Services		38.5	7.5	2.1	0.2	28.6
Educational services	82	39.1	6.7	2.2	0.2	30.0
Local government		35.6	15.1	7.2	1.1	12.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2002 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³				
		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	All other illnesses
Services		16.7	5.1	6.8	(⁵)	4.8
Educational services	82	15.9	4.8	7.9	(⁵)	3.3
Public administration		69.9	33.8	8.2	1.8	26.2

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 Edition.

³ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁶ Data for Mining (Division B in the *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore

estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.
n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.